the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about May 22, 1935, by Nelson Baker & Co., from Detroit, Mich., and charging misbranding in violation of the Food and Drugs Act as amended.

Analysis showed that the article consisted essentially of water, alcohol, acetic acid, and extracts of plant drugs, including red pepper and blood root.

The article was alleged to be misbranded in that the following statements appearing in the labeling, regarding its curative or therapeutic effects, were false and fraudulent: (Label) "I'Sore Throat and Quinsy Drops"; (carton) "Quinsy * * * preventing and checking Quinsy. Directions Dose for adults, 6 drops in its purity; children, 1 to 3 drops, increased to 4 or 5 drops, with water to be taken every two hours, or in severe cases every hour for 5 or 6 hours. * * * A Sore Throat Remedy * * * Sore Throat and Quinsy Drops"; (circular) "Sore Throat and Quinsy Drops. Directions * * * to be taken every two hours or more frequently in severe cases. For Quinsy, soon as soreness is felt in the throat, take a good cathartic and use the Drops every hour for six or eight hours; then every two hours. * * * Common Sore Throat, about three or four doses generally gives the necessary relief. A Good Way is, to use these drops as soon as you feel soreness in the throat; by so doing, you may prevent serious throat trouble. * * * In severe cases we advise every hour for five or six hours until relieved."

On September 24, 1935, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and it was ordered that the product be destroyed.

W. R. Gregg, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

25133. Adulteration and misbranding of Femi-gene Antiseptic Tablets. U. S. v. Glenn Morris and Orville Rooney (Morris Products Co.). Pleas of guilty. Fines, \$50. (F. & D. no. 35963. Sample no. 28301-B.)

This case was based on an interstate shipment of a drug preparation the labeling of which contained unwarranted curative, therapeutic, and antiseptic claims.

On November 6, 1935, the United States attorney for the Southern District of Ohio, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court an information against Glenn Morris and Orville Rooney, trading as the Morris Products Co., Urbana, Ohio, alleging shipment by said defendants in violation of the Food and Drugs Act as amended, on or about March 28, 1935, from the State of Ohio, into the State of Missouri, of a quantity of Femi-gene Antiseptic Tablets that were adulterated and misbranded.

The article was labeled in part: "Femi-gene Antiseptic Tablets, Morris

Products Co. * * * Urbana, Ohio."

Analysis showed that the article consisted chiefly of lactose, tartaric acid, sodium bicarbonate, and milk sugar. Bacteriological examination showed that it was not an antiseptic, did not guard against infectious germs, and did not have a powerful effect upon bacteria.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that its strength fell below the professed standard of quality under which it was sold, since it was represented to be an antiseptic tablet and as effective in guarding against infectious germs and as having a powerful effect upon bacteria; whereas it was not an antiseptic tablet, it did not guard against infectious germs, and did not have a

powerful effect upon bacteria.

Misbranding was alleged for the reason that the statements, "Antiseptic tablets" and "In spite of their powerful effect upon bacteria, there is no fear of any damage or harm to the delicate tissues", borne on the labels, were false and misleading, since the article was not an antiseptic and did not have a powerful effect upon bacteria. Misbranding was alleged for the further reason that the following statement contained in the circular shipped with the article, "The action provides complete protection, guarding against infectious germs often present in the vagina", was a statement regarding the curative or therapeutic effects of the article and was false and fraudulent.

On November 18, 1935, the defendants entered pleas of guilty and the court imposed fines totaling \$50.

W. R. GREGG, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

25134. Misbranding of Holford's Inhaler. U. S. v. William J. Fink (The Holford Co.). Plea of nolo contendere. Fine, \$40. (F. & D. no. 35969. Sample no. 11887-B.)

This case was based on shipment of a drug preparation the labeling of which contained unwarranted curative and therapeutic claims.